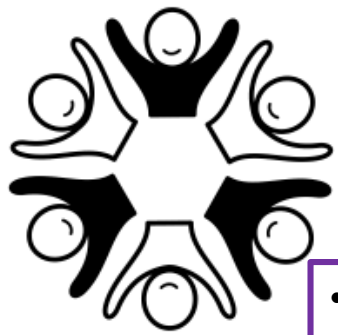




TRAFFORD
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**BLACK AND ETHNIC MINORITY
(BAME)
TRAFFORD
JANUARY 2021**



BAME POPULATION IN TRAFFORD



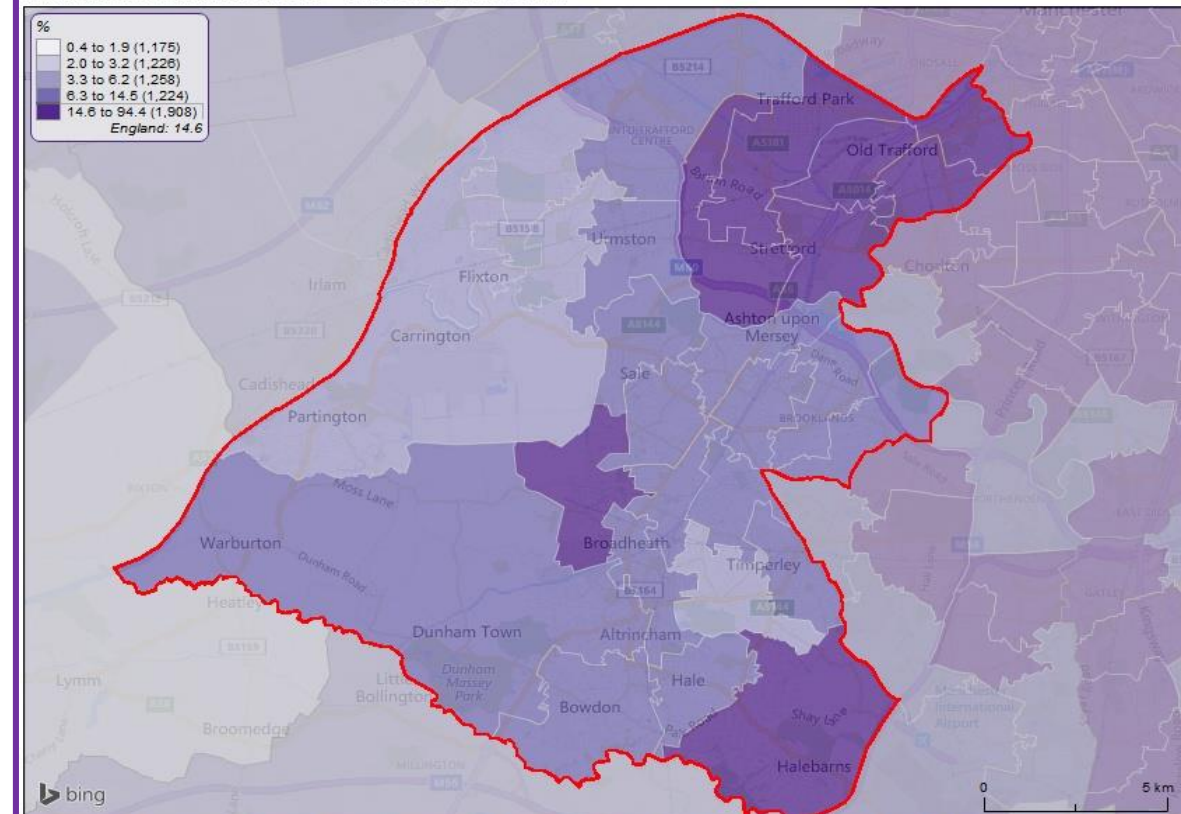
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- ONS publishes detailed population estimates by ethnic group for areas in England and Wales following each census. **The 2011 estimates are the only ONS accredited estimates by ethnicity.**
- In the 2011 Census, 32,744 people said that they belonged to a BAME group (1), 14.5% of the total population (similar to England at 14.6%).

Trafford's BAME population (ONS 2011):

- has almost doubled since 2001;
- is predominantly Pakistani (3.1%), Indian (2.8%), Mixed (2.7%) and Caribbean (1.7%) heritage;
- has a young age structure, with 35% aged under 20, compared to 20% of the white population;
- is concentrated in the North of the borough - % BAME ranges from 3.8% BAME in Flixton in the west, to almost two thirds (65%) in Clifford in the North
- Data in between Censuses is limited and ONS is currently looking at methods for reliable ethnicity estimates by local authorities.

Number of people stating their ethnicity as not White (not any White category) as a percentage of the total number of respondents to the question, 2011 - source: ONS Census 2011



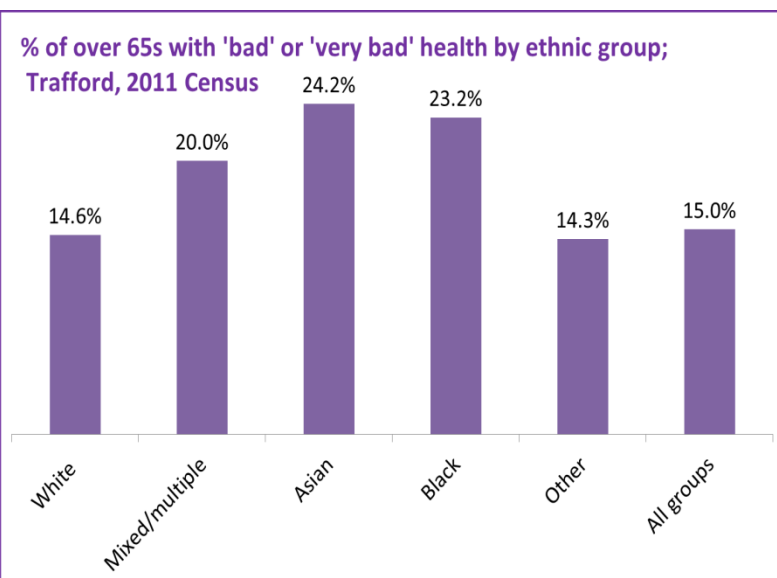
(1) BAME group defined as people defining their ethnicity as not any white category



HEALTH AND WELLBEING IN BAME POPULATION

General health

Because the BAME population is so young, overall levels of poor health are lower than the white population; however looking at just those aged 65+, levels of bad health are higher in BAME groups:



Specific illnesses

Data by ethnicity is limited by illnesses at Trafford level.

Data from PHOF for 2018/2019 suggests:

- 19.8% of people with type II diabetes in Trafford are from BAME groups compared with 21% in England

Mortality data for Trafford (NHS 2020) suggests that higher percentage of BAME population die from heart failure, heart attack, stroke and prostate cancers compared white population



LIFESTYLE IN BAME POPULATION

Based on estimates across England as a whole:



Smoking prevalence is higher than average in mixed (19.5%) and other ethnic groups(15.6%), and lower than average in Asian (8.3%) and Black groups (6.7%) compared with white ethnic groups (14.4%) (Source: PHOF, 2019)



The percentage of physically inactive adults is higher than average in Asian and Black ethnic groups compared with white ethnic groups (Source: PHOF 2018-2019)



Percentage of adults classified as overweight or obese are higher in Black (73.6%) ethnic groups and lower in all other ethnic groups compared with white ethnic groups (63.3%) (Source: PHOF 2018-2019)